

Tutorial on ROS

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Outline

1. Our first node in ROS;
2. Compile and run nodes.

Our first node

- To be sure, you have the last release of the code, download it on git:
 1. Cd ~/catkin_ws/src
 2. \rm -r tutorial_ros
 3. Git clone https://gicad-gitlab.univ-grenoble-alpes.fr/aycardol/tutorial_ros.git

Our first node

- Edit *laser_text_display_node.cpp* in
 ~/catkin_ws/src/tutorial_ros;

```
class laser_text_display {  
  
private:  
    ros::NodeHandle n;          I declare a node  
    ros::Subscriber sub_scan;    This node will subscribe to one type of messages  
  
    // to store, process and display laserdata  
    int nb_beams;  
    float range_min, range_max;  
    float angle_min, angle_max, angle_inc;  
    float r[1000], theta[1000];  
    geometry_msgs::Point current_scan[1000];  
  
    bool new_laser;//to check if new data of laser is available or not
```

Variables to store and process the laser data

Our first node

- Our first node will subscribe to the message called « scan »;
- « scan » is the message published by the laser and containing the laser data;
- Each time a new message « scan » is published, our first node will receive and store this message with the method « scanCallback »

```
sub_scan = n.subscribe("scan", 1, &laser_text_display::scanCallback, this);
```

Our first node

```
void scanCallback(const sensor_msgs::LaserScan::ConstPtr& scan) {  
  
    new_laser = true;  
    // store the important data related to laserscanner  
    range_min = scan->range_min;  
    range_max = scan->range_max;  
    angle_min = scan->angle_min;  
    angle_max = scan->angle_max;  
    angle_inc = scan->angle_increment;  
    nb_beams = ((-1 * angle_min) + angle_max)/angle_inc;  
  
    // store the range and the coordinates in cartesian framework of each hit  
    float beam_angle = angle_min;  
    for ( int loop=0 ; loop < nb_beams; loop++, beam_angle += angle_inc ) {  
        if ( ( scan->ranges[loop] < range_max ) && ( scan->ranges[loop] > range_min ) )  
            r[loop] = scan->ranges[loop];  
        else  
            r[loop] = range_max;  
        theta[loop] = beam_angle;  
  
        //transform the scan in cartesian framework  
        current_scan[loop].x = r[loop] * cos(beam_angle);  
        current_scan[loop].y = r[loop] * sin(beam_angle);  
        current_scan[loop].z = 0.0;  
    }  
}  
}//scanCallback
```

The type of messages published by the laser

Our first node

- Our first node is an infinite loop that will run at 10 hz
- 1. It will check if a new message from the laser has been published;
- 2. It will call the method scanCallback to collect the data of the laser;
- 3. The method « update » will proceed the data of the laser

```
//INFINITE LOOP TO COLLECT LASER DATA AND PROCESS THEM
ros::Rate r(10); // this node will run at 10hz
while (ros::ok()) {
    ros::spinOnce(); //each callback is called once to collect new data: laser
    update(); //processing of data
    r.sleep(); //we wait if the processing (ie, callback+update) has taken less than 0.1s (ie, 10 hz)
}
```

Our first node

- The method « update » will check if new message of the laser has arrived with *new_laser*,
- It will perform a loop over the beams to display the laser data published;

```
void update() {  
  
    // we wait for new data of the laser  
    if ( new_laser )  
    {  
  
        ROS_INFO("New data of laser received");  
  
        for ( int loop=0 ; loop < nb_beams; loop++ )  
            ROS_INFO( r[%i] = %f, theta[%i] (in degrees) = %f, x[%i] = %f, y[%i] = %f", loop, r[loop], loop, theta[loop]*180/M_PI, loop, current_scan[loop].x, loop, current_scan[loop].y );  
        new_laser = false;  
    }  
}  
// update
```

ROS command to have a display in a terminal

Our first node

- Run our fist node: `rosrun tutorial_ros laser_text_display_node` in `~/catkin_ws`
- Do not forget to run a rosbag to play laser data

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Compile and run nodes

- A folder in `~/catkin_ws/src` is called a package;
- A package contains some source files;
- These source files will be compiled to create nodes;
- To compile packages: run `catkin_make` in `~/catkin_ws`

- For instance, in the package `tutorial_ros`, there are 3 source files that will generate 3 nodes

- To run a node: `roslaunch package_name node_name` in `~/catkin_ws`
- For instance: `roslaunch tutorial_ros laser_text_display_node`
 - Run the node `laser_text_display_node` located in the package `tutorial_ros`